Protein Centric Analysis with Top-N Quantification: Combining Byos Muti-Protein Quantitation Module and GraphPad Prism

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Summary

Aim: Demonstrate the utility of leveraging Protein Metrics Protein Centric Analysis with GraphPad Prism. Allowing for robust statistical analysis and complex visualizations.

This workflow will help scientists in every phase of biopharmaceutical discovery and development from early cell line development to final drug purity verification.

This workflow produces auto-curated analyses for quantification of thousands of proteins from sample replicates, quickly processing gigabytes of input data.

The Byosphere® cloud platform rapidly compares data across samples, projects, and geographic sites leveraging Deep Query and Dashboard capabilities in a GxP compliance-ready environment.

Introduction

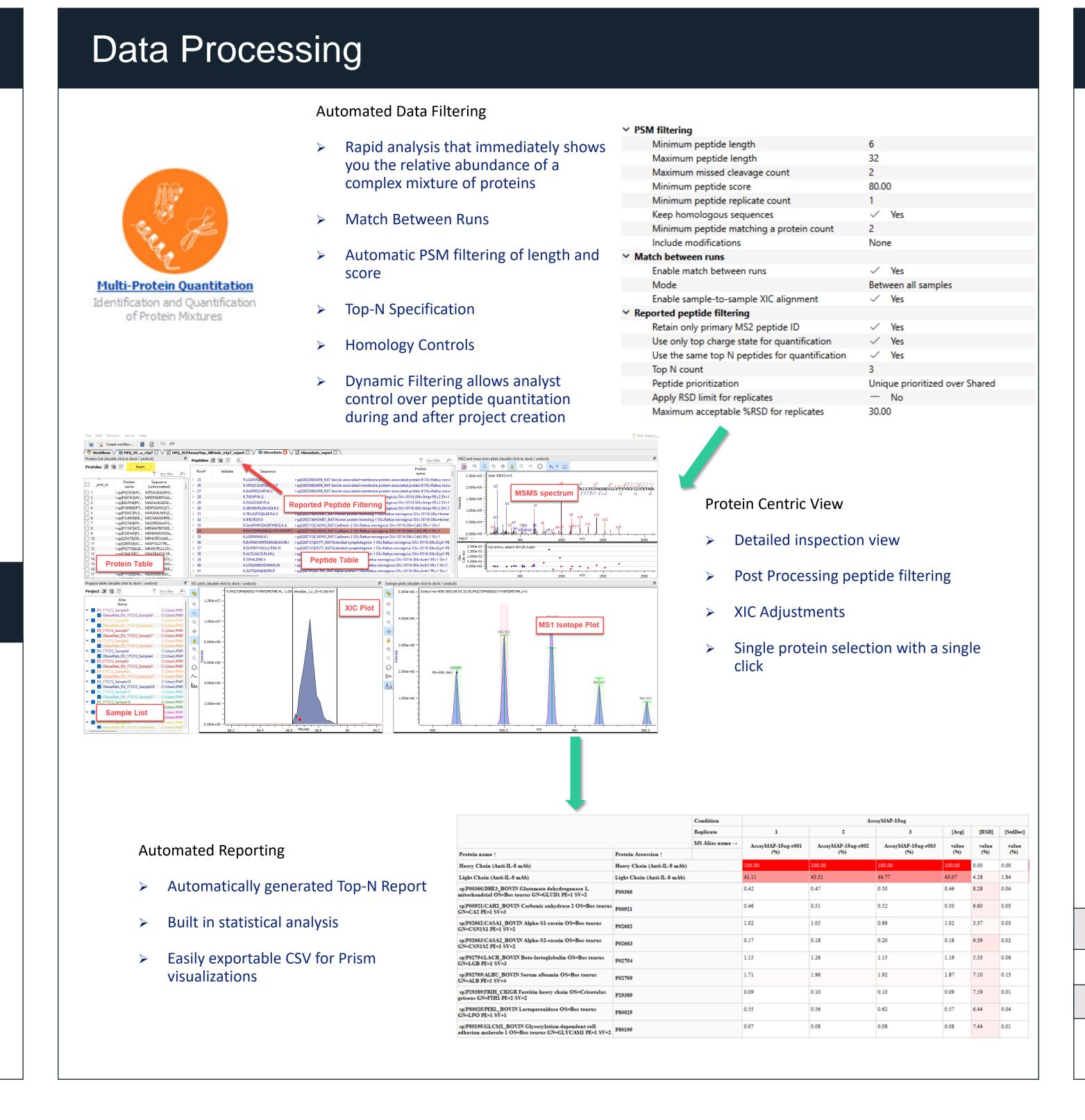
The Top-N method is a widely used strategy in label-free quantitative proteomics for determining protein abundance. Since its introduction, the Top-N method has been extended to various applications, including relative quantification in comparative proteomics and biomarker discovery. Notably, Top-N is extensively utilized for analyzing host cell proteins in therapeutic protein development.

Protein Metrics has introduced a tailored software solution for the Top-N method, named Multi-Protein Quantitation (MPQ). This workflow streamlines the application of the Top-N method, enhancing its utility and efficiency. Here, we demonstrate the capability of this workflow using samples from a study investigating heart proteome changes in a diet-induced obesity model. The visualization of the results is performed using GraphPad Prism.

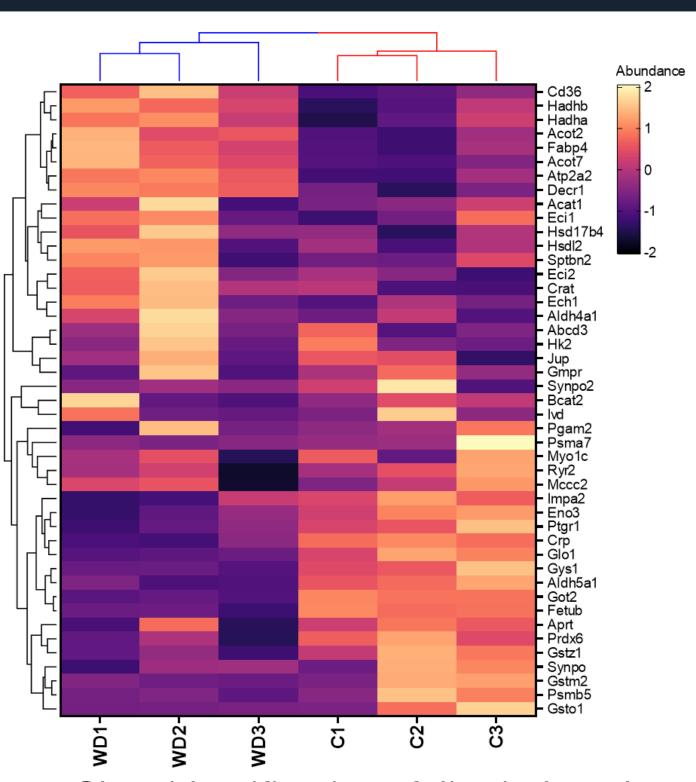
Methods

The previously published tryptic peptide datasets (*Vileigas et al.*) were acquired using a Q-Exactive HF Orbitrap mass spectrometer (Thermo Fisher Scientific) coupled to a Dionex Ultimate 3000 RSLC nano-liquid chromatography (Thermo Fisher Scientific). The data was downloaded from the public repository and analyzed using the Multi-protein Quantitation workflow (Protein Metrics, LLC).

The search allowed for trypsin cleavage sites and up to 2 missed cleavages. A match between runs was automatically preformed on the search results and the results were then filtered to the top 3 peptides of each protein. The results were then manually validated and exported to GraphPad Prism for visualization.



Conclusion



The study of heart proteome changes in a diet-induced obesity model demonstrates the power of integrating the MPQ workflow with GraphPad Prism to identify and interpret significant proteomic shifts

Using MPQ, proteomic data was efficiently processed and quantified, while GraphPad Prism enabled advanced visualization through 2D hierarchical clustering (left).

- Clear identification of diet-induced proteomic changes, with clustering separating the two diet groups.
- Discovery of co-regulated protein clusters, highlighting potential pathway-level dependencies for further investigation.

Byos provides robust, streamlined workflows for efficient data processing, and GraphPad Prism complements these by offering comprehensive visualization and clustering capabilities. Together, they form a powerful toolkit for advanced proteomic studies in both academic and industrial settings.

Conflict of Interest Statement

The authors are employees and stake holders of Protein Metrics LLC

References

Vileigas, Danielle F et al. "Landscape of heart proteome changes in a diet-induced obesity model." *Scientific reports* vol. 9,1 18050. 2 Dec. 2019, doi:10.1038/s41598-019-54522-2